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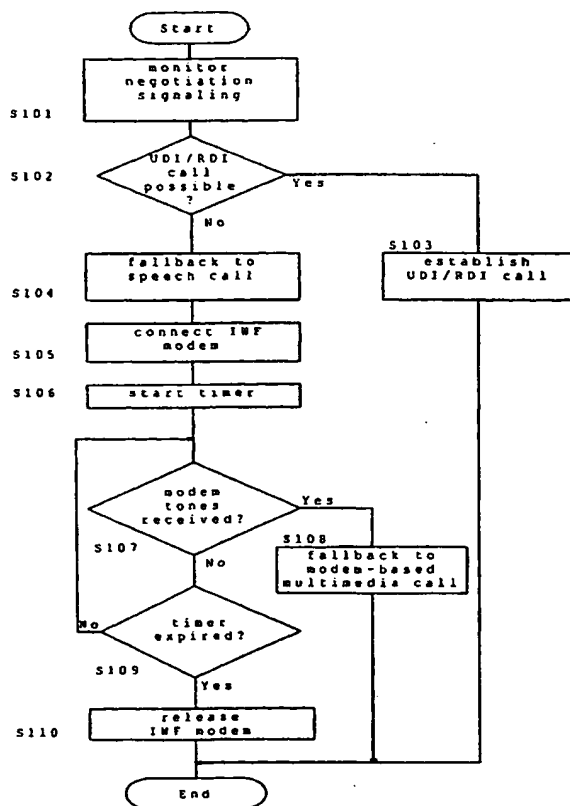
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[Continued on next page]

(54) Title: DUAL FALLBACK IN CIRCUIT-SWITCHED MULTIMEDIA CALL SETUP



(57) Abstract: The present invention relates to a method and apparatus for establishing a connection, wherein a response to a call setup request of a first type of connection is checked by a signaling control unit and a signaling of a second type of connection received from the other party of the connection is monitored. A third type of connection is set up if the result of the checking step indicates that the setup was not successful. The second type of connection may then be set up when a signal indicating a support of the second type of connection has been detected in the monitoring operation within a predetermined time period. Since a preliminary fallback to the third connection is performed irrespective of the monitoring operation, a more common fallback case can be freed from a monitoring delay. (Fig. 3). Preferably, the monitoring step may be performed in response to the result of the checking step. Thus, the monitoring means is connected on line by the connection control means in response to the checking result of said checking means. Thereby, an unnecessary reservation of the monitoring function (e.g. IWF resource) can be prevented, since the monitoring can be restricted to those cases where the setup of the first connection was not successful. In this case, the response may be received as an outband signaling.

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## DUAL FALLBACK IN CIRCUIT-SWITCHED MULTIMEDIA CALL SETUP

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

5 The present invention relates to a method and apparatus for establishing a connection in a communication network, such as a mobile network or any other telecommunication or data communication network.

10 BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

In recent years, multimedia telephone terminals which can be connected to fixed networks have been developed. These terminals provide real-time video, audio, or data, or any  
15 combination thereof, between two multimedia telephone terminals over a voice band network connection. Communication may be either one-way or two-way. Furthermore, the multimedia telephone terminals can be integrated into PCs or work stations, or can be stand-alone  
20 units.

Interworking between PLMNs (Public Land Mobile Networks) and PSTNs (Public Switched Telephone Networks) is currently being specified in third generation mobile systems. One of the items to be specified is a call type where a  
25 video/multimedia call is started with a speech phase, and during the speech phase the call is modified into a multimedia call according to the ITU-T H.324 recommendation.

30 Furthermore, fallback procedures have been proposed to be used in circuit-switched multimedia call setups in order to save the call in case the called party or an intermediate network does not support the requested service. To achieve this, a fallback connection, i.e. another type of

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connection such as a modem connection, is determined, wherein the fallback connection is established without disconnecting the calling party or performing a time-consuming error processing or messaging at the end terminals. As an example, the user may always request a fully digital UDI/RDI (Unrestricted/Restricted Digital Information) multimedia connection. Thus, the user does not have to know the capabilities of the called terminal. If it is determined, e.g. based on the ISUP (ISDN User Part) backward indicators, that the called terminal does not support UDI/RDI calls, a fallback procedure to a 3.1kHz modem-based multimedia connection is initiated, i.e. an IWF (InterWorking Function) modem is connected to the line and the mobile traffic is modified to correspond to the (lower) data rate used by the modem connection. If there is no modem at the called party, the call is turned to a speech call, i.e. the IWF modem resource is released and the mobile traffic channel is modified to the speech modem.

However, such a fallback procedure from the UDI/RDI multimedia connection leads to the problem that the checking of the possible modem support at the called party takes several seconds. Thus, fallbacks from UDI/RDI to speech will always suffer from the monitoring delay of the modem resource. Thus, the quality of service faced by the users is reduced by the present fallback solutions.

#### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

30

It is therefore an object of the present invention to provide a method and apparatus for establishing a connection, by means of which the quality of service can be enhanced.

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This object is achieved by a method for establishing a connection in a communication network, comprising the steps of:

- 5 transmitting a setup request for a first type of connection towards the other party of the connection;  
checking a response to the setup request;  
monitoring a signaling of a second type of connection received from the other party;
- 10 setting up a third type of connection, when the result of the checking step indicates that the setup was not successful; and  
setting up the second type of connection when a signal indicating a support of the second type of connection has
- 15 been detected in the monitoring step within a predetermined time period.

Furthermore, the above object is achieved by an apparatus for establishing a connection in a communication network,

- 20 comprising:  
signaling means for transmitting a setup request for a first type of connection towards the other party of the connection;  
monitoring means for monitoring a signaling of a second
- 25 type of connection received from the other party;  
checking means for checking a response to the setup request and a result of the monitoring operation; and  
connection control means for setting up a third type of connection if the checking result of the checking means
- 30 indicates that the setup was not successful, and for setting up the second type of connection if the checking result of the checking means indicates that a signal indicating a support of the second type of connection has

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been detected by the monitoring means within a predetermined time period.

Accordingly, a dual fallback solution is provided, wherein  
5 a first fallback to the third type of connection, e.g. the  
speech connection, is performed irrespective of the time-  
consuming monitoring operation, and an additional second  
fallback to the second type of connection, e.g. the modem  
connection, is then performed if the monitoring operation  
10 indicates within the predetermined time period that the  
other party supports the second type of connection. Hence,  
the two fallback initiations are decoupled from each other.  
If the first fallback is a fallback case with a higher  
probability, the more common fallback (e.g. from UDI/RDI to  
15 speech) can be freed from the monitoring delay required for  
detecting whether the other party supports the second  
connection. Thus, a delay of several seconds can be  
eliminated in the more probable fallback case, and the  
quality of service observed by the user can be enhanced

20  
Preferably, the monitoring step may be performed in  
response to the result of the checking step. Thus, the  
monitoring means is connected on line by the connection  
control means in response to the checking result of said  
25 checking means. Thereby, an unnecessary reservation of the  
monitoring function (e.g. IWF resource) can be prevented,  
since the monitoring can be restricted to those cases where  
the setup of the first connection was not successful.  
In this case, the response may be received as an outband  
30 signaling.

As an alternative, the monitoring step may be started  
independent of said checking step (e.g. during the  
transmission step). Thus, the monitoring means is connected

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on line by the connection control means during the transmission operation. In this case, the response may be received as an inband signaling.

5 The first type of connection may be a UDI/RDI multimedia or video connection, the second type of connection may be a modem multimedia or video connection and the third type of connection may be a speech connection. Thus, the undesired waiting period until it has been detected whether there is  
10 a suitable modem provided at the called end can be prevented, since the speech connection is immediately established after the receipt of a negative response regarding the multimedia or video connection, e.g. RDI or UDI connection.

15 Preferably, the monitoring operation may be an interworking processing. Then, the monitoring means may be an interworking modem. The interworking modem may be connected in a through connection mode and arranged to monitor modem  
20 tones or signals without manipulating the information flow.

Furthermore, the predetermined time period may be measured by using a timer.

25 In particular, the connection may be a connection between a mobile terminal and a network terminal of a fixed network. In this case, the apparatus may be a mobile switching center.

30 BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

In the following, the present invention will be described in greater detail on the basis of a preferred embodiment with reference to the accompanying drawings, in which:

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Fig. 1 shows a basic block diagram of a mobile network connected to a fixed network,

5 Fig. 2 shows a basic block diagram of a mobile switching center according to the preferred embodiment of the present invention,

Fig. 3 shows a flow diagram of a first example of a  
10 procedure for establishing a multimedia connection according to the preferred embodiment of the present invention, and

Fig. 4 shows a flow diagram of a second example of a  
15 procedure for establishing a multimedia connection according to the preferred embodiment of the present invention.

20 DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

In the following, the present invention will be described on the basis of a preferred embodiment which relates to a multimedia connection between a fixed network 4 and a  
25 mobile network, as shown in Fig. 1.

According to Fig. 1, a multimedia terminal equipment (TE) 5 is connected via the fixed network 4, such as a Public Switched Telephone Network (PSTN) or the like, to a mobile  
30 terminal or mobile station (MS) 1 having a multimedia capability. The MS 1 is radio-connected to a known Base Station Subsystem (BSS) 2 which is connected to a Mobile Switching Center (MSC/IWF) 3 having an interworking function (IWF). The interworking function is provided for



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adapting protocol features of the mobile network to  
protocol features of the fixed network 4. The MSC/IWF 3 is  
arranged to automatically establish suitable fallback  
connections in case the other party does not support a  
5 multimedia call.

According to the preferred embodiment, the MSC/IWF 3 is  
arranged to reduce the delay time in the fallback case by  
initiating a first fallback procedure to a speech  
10 connection irrespective of the result of an initiating of a  
second fallback operation to a modem connection. Thus, the  
speech connection is established while the modem signal  
monitoring operation is performed. When the monitoring  
operation then leads to the result that the modem  
15 connection can be established, the speech connection is  
modified to the modem connection.

Fig. 2 shows a principle block diagram of the MSC/IWF 3  
according to the preferred embodiment of the present  
20 invention. According to Fig. 2, the MSC/IWF 3 comprises a  
switch 31 for performing a switching operation between the  
BSS 2 and the fixed network 4, so as to establish a  
requested connection and to connect a modem resource of an  
IWF unit 32 on line, i.e. either parallel to the end-to-end  
25 traffic channel or in a through connection mode only  
monitoring but not manipulating the information flow or  
data traffic. Moreover, the switch 31 may connect an ISUP  
signaling control unit 33 to a respective connection so as  
to receive a response to a setup request of a multimedia or  
30 video connection and to determine whether a connection end  
(e.g. the MS 1 or the TE 5) supports the multimedia or  
video connection (e.g. based on received ISUP backward  
indicators). If the multimedia or video connection is not  
supported at the other connection end, a standard in-call

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modification procedure is initiated so as to initiate corresponding fallback procedures.

The switching operation of the switch 31 is controlled by a connection control unit 34 arranged to control the setup and establishment of the switched connections. Furthermore, the IWF unit 32 is arranged to perform a transcoding operation, an error processing adaptation and a rate matching between the mobile network and the fixed network 4. Moreover, the modem resources of the IWF unit 32 perform negotiation processings in order to determine modem capabilities and to set up modem connections to the fixed network 4.

According to the preferred embodiment, the IWF unit 32 is connected to a fallback control unit 35 which is connected to the IWF unit 32 and to the ISUP signaling control unit 33, and arranged to check the result of the negotiation performed by a respective IWF modem of the IWF 32 and to check the kind of setup response received by the ISUP signaling control unit 33. Additionally, the fallback control unit 35 is connected to the connection control unit 34, so as to control the connection control unit 34 in order to achieve a switching operation to establish a multimedia connection or to initiate fallback procedures to a speech connection or a modem connection.

In the following, two examples of call establishments performed by the MSC/IWF 3 are described with reference to the flow diagrams shown in Figs. 3 and 4.

In Fig. 3, a first example for a call establishment is shown, wherein the IWF unit 32 is connected in response to

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the result of an initial outband signaling indicating a multimedia or video capability of the called end.

Initially, a multimedia UDI/RDI call, e.g. a H.324 call, is requested and a corresponding setup request is transmitted to the MSC/IWF 3. The type of the requested call may be indicated in the BCIE (Bearer Capability Information Element) of the setup message.

10 In step S101, the ISUP signaling control unit 33 monitors the signaling response received from the other party (e.g. based on the ISUP backward indicators) and supplies a corresponding information indicating the kind of response to the fallback control unit 35. If the ISUP signaling  
15 control unit 33 determines in step S102 that an establishment of the UDI/RDI call is possible, the ISUP signaling control unit 33 initiates a signaling so as to establish the UDI/RDI call (step S103), and a fallback procedure is not initiated.

20 Otherwise, if a UDI/RDI call is not possible, the fallback control unit 35 receives a corresponding information from the ISUP signaling control unit 33 and controls the connection control unit 34 so as to initiate a fallback  
25 procedure to a speech call using the standard in-call modification procedure (step S104). Furthermore, the fallback control unit 35 controls the connection control unit 34 so as to connect a corresponding modem resource of IWF unit 32 in parallel or in a through connection mode to  
30 the established connection (S105). Then, the fallback control unit 35 starts a timer 36 (step S106) counting a predetermined time period (e.g. a few seconds). Meanwhile, the IWF modem performs a monitoring operation so as to

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detect any modem tones or signals received from the other end.

In step S107, the fallback control unit 35 checks whether  
5 an information indicating that the negotiation performed by  
the IWF modem was successful, or not, has been issued by  
the IWF unit 32. If so (i.e. relevant modem tones or  
signals have been received), the called party supports the  
modem-based multimedia or video connection, and the  
10 fallback control unit 35 controls the connection control  
unit 34 so as to modify the established speech connection  
to a multimedia/video data rate according to the IWF modem,  
i.e. so as to perform a second fallback from the speech  
connection to the modem-based multimedia connection (step  
15 S108).

If it is determined in step S107, that no modem tones or  
signals have been received, the fallback control unit 35  
checks the counting result of the timer 36 (step S109). If  
20 the timer 36 has expired, the fallback control unit 35  
controls the connection control unit 34 so as to release  
the IWF unit 32, since the called party is a plain speech  
phone. Thus, the speech connection established in step S104  
is maintained. On the other hand, if the timer 36 has not  
25 yet expired, the flow returns to step S108 and the checking  
of the monitoring operation is continued until the timer 36  
has expired or a modem tone or signal has been received.

In the following, the second example of an establishing  
30 operation of a multimedia or video call is described with  
reference to Fig. 4. The second example is preferably used  
for more complicated fallback cases based on inband  
signalings.

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Contrary to the first example, the IWF modem of the IWF unit 32 is directly connected to the line by the connection control unit 34 to monitor the modem tones or signals of a possible modem of the called party, in response to a setup  
5 of a multimedia/video call determined by the fallback control unit 35 (step S201). Then, the fallback control unit 35 starts the timer 36 (step S202), and the ISUP signaling control unit 33 monitors the outband signaling response received from the other party (step S203). It is  
10 to be noted that the monitoring operation may be started simultaneously with the connection of the IWF modem.

If the ISUP signaling control unit 33 determines in step S204 that an establishment of the UDI/RDI call is possible,  
15 the ISUP signaling control unit 33 initiates a signaling so as to establish the UDI/RDI call (step S205), and a fallback procedure is not initiated.

Otherwise, if a UDI/RDI call is not possible, the fallback  
20 control unit 35 receives a corresponding information from the ISUP signaling control unit 33 and controls the connection control unit 34 so as to initiate a fallback procedure to a speech call using the standard in-call modification procedure (step S206).

25 The remaining steps S207 to S210 correspond to the respective steps S107 to S110 of the first example such that a description of these can be omitted here.

30 Thus, according to the second example, the IWF modem is connected in any case from the very beginning of call.

Both first and second examples provide the advantage that the fallback to the speech connection is directly initiated

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irrespective of the monitoring result of the IWF modem. Thereby, the more probable speech call can be quickly established, while the monitoring operation concerning the less probable modem capability is performed in the background. Only in case a modem capability is actually detected, an additional fallback to the modem-based multimedia/video connection is performed.

It is to be noted, that the processing performed by the MSC/IWF 3 may be implemented by a control program of a microprocessor such as a CPU, wherein the respective blocks 33 to 36 are replaced by corresponding software routines stored in a memory allocated to the CPU.

Furthermore, the connection establishment processing described in the above preferred embodiment can be performed in any communication network (e.g. telecom or datacom networks) to which terminals supporting different types of connections are connected, and is not restricted to a mobile switching center of a mobile network.

The above description of the preferred embodiment and the accompanying drawings are only intended to illustrate the present invention. The preferred embodiment of the invention may vary within the scope of the attached claims.

In summary, the present invention relates to a method and apparatus for establishing a connection, wherein a response to a call setup request of a first type of connection is checked and a signaling of a second type of connection received from the other party of the connection is monitored. A third type of connection is set up if the result of the checking step indicates that the setup was not successful. The second type of connection may then be

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set up when a signal indicating a support of the second type of connection has been detected in the monitoring operation within a predetermined time period. Since a preliminary fallback to the third connection is performed  
5 irrespective of the monitoring operation, a more common fallback case can be freed from a monitoring delay.

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**Claims**

1. A method for establishing a connection in a communication network, comprising the steps of:
  - 5 a) transmitting a setup request for a first type of connection towards the other party of the connection;
  - b) checking a response to said setup request;
  - c) monitoring a signaling of a second type of connection received from said other party;
  - 10 d) setting up a third type of connection, when the result of said checking step indicates that the setup was not successful; and
  - e) setting up said second type of connection when a signal indicating a support of said second type of
  - 15 connection has been detected in said monitoring step within a predetermined time period.
2. A method according to claim 1, wherein said monitoring step is performed in response to the result of said
- 20 checking step.
3. A method according to claim 2, wherein said response is received as an outband signaling.
- 25 4. A method according to claim 1, wherein said monitoring step is started independent of said checking step.
5. A method according to claim 4, wherein said response is received as an inband signaling.
- 30 6. A method according to any one of the preceding claims, wherein said first type of connection is a multimedia or video connection.



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7. A method according to any one of the preceding claims,  
wherein said second type of connection is a modem  
connection.
- 5 8. A method according to any one of the preceding claims,  
wherein said third type of connection is a speech  
connection.
- 10 9. A method according to any one of the preceding claims,  
wherein said first type of connection is an RDI or UDI  
connection.
- 15 10. A method according to any one of the preceding claims,  
wherein said monitoring step is an interworking processing.
11. A method according to any one of the preceding claims,  
wherein said connection is a connection between a mobile  
terminal (1) and a network terminal (5) of a fixed network  
20 (4).
12. A method according to any one of the preceding claims,  
wherein said first type of connection is compliant with the  
ITU-T Recommendation H.324.
- 25 13. A method according to anyone of the preceding claims,  
wherein said monitoring step is performed without  
manipulating the information flow.
- 30 14. A method according to anyone of the preceding claims,  
wherein said signaling comprises modem tones or signals.

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15. A method according to anyone of the preceding claims, wherein said predetermined time period is measured by using a timer (36).

5 16. An apparatus for establishing a connection in a communication network, comprising:

- a) signaling means (33) for transmitting a setup request for a first type of connection towards the other party of said connection;
- 10 b) monitoring means (32) for monitoring a signaling of a second type of connection received from said other party;
- c) checking means (35) for checking a response to said setup request and a result of said monitoring operation; and
- 15 d) connection control means (34) for setting up a third type of connection if the checking result of said checking means (35) indicates that the setup was not successful, and for setting up said second type of connection if the checking result of said checking means (35) indicates that
- 20 a signal indicating a support of said second type of connection has been detected by said monitoring means (32) within a predetermined time period.

17. An apparatus according to claim 16, wherein said  
25 monitoring means (32) is connected on line by said connection control means (34) in response to the checking result of said checking means (35).

18. An apparatus according to claim 17, wherein said  
30 response is received as an outband signaling by a signaling control means (33).

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19. An apparatus according to claim 16, wherein said monitoring means (32) is connected on line by said connection control means (34) independent of the checking by said checking means (35).

5

20. An apparatus according to claim 19, wherein said response is received as an inband signaling by a signaling control means (33).

10 21. An apparatus according to any one of claims 16 to 20, wherein said first type of connection is a multimedia or video connection.

22. An apparatus according to any one of claims 16 to 21,  
15 wherein said second type of connection is a modem connection.

23. An apparatus according to any one of claims 16 to 22,  
20 wherein said third type of connection is a speech connection.

24. An apparatus according to any one of claims 16 to 23,  
wherein said first type of connection is an RDI or UDI connection.

25

25. An apparatus according to any one of claims 16 to 24,  
wherein said monitoring means is an interworking modem (32).

30 26. An apparatus according to claim 25, wherein said interworking modem (32) is connected in a through connection mode and arranged to monitor modem tones without manipulating the information flow.

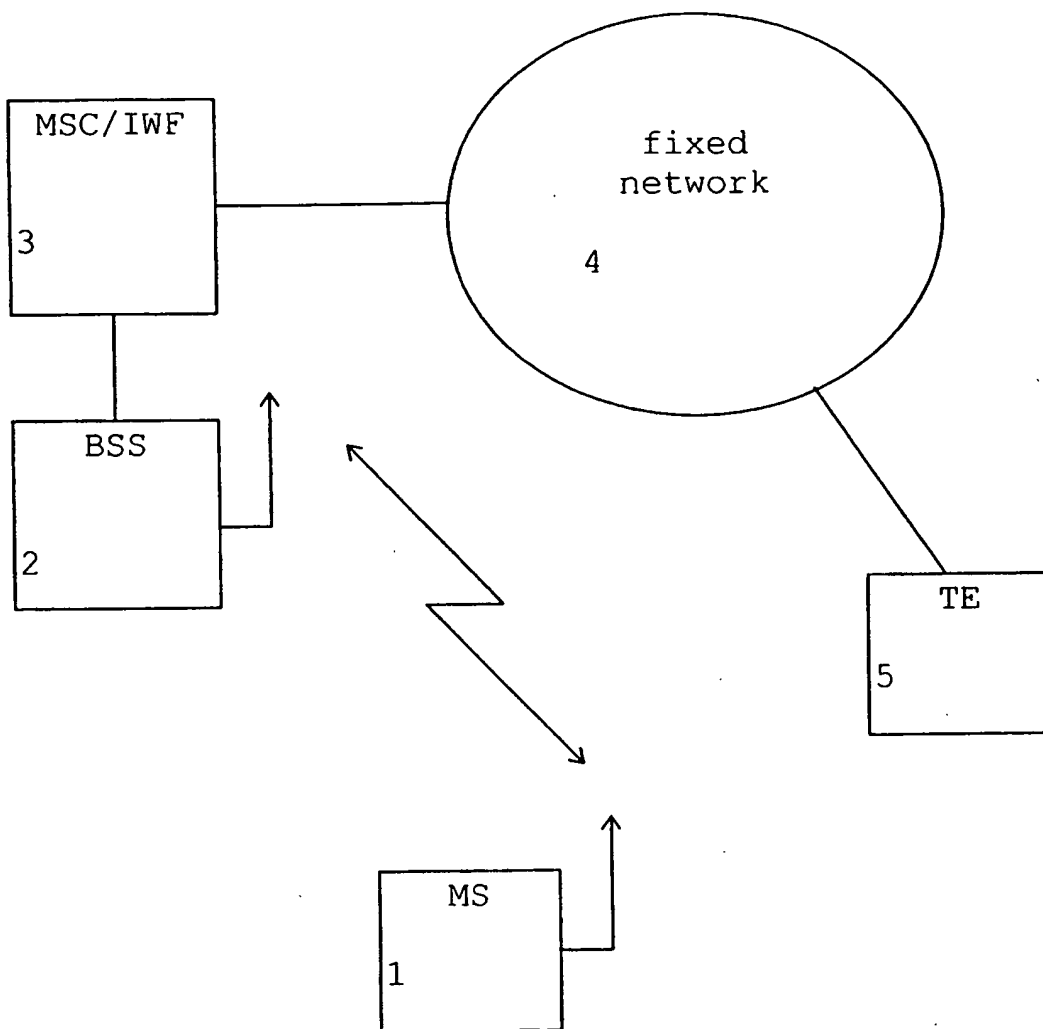
- 18 -

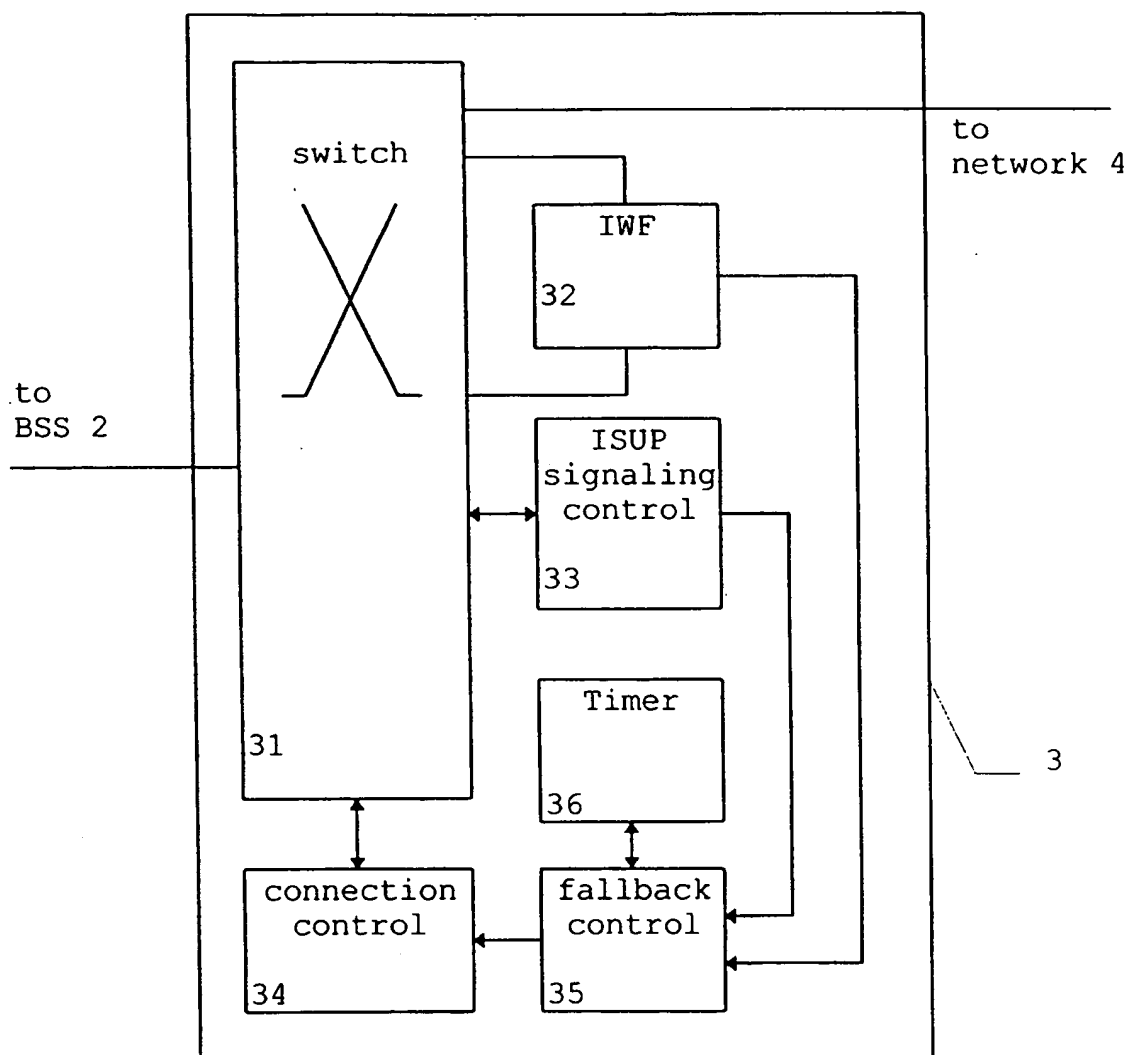
27. An apparatus according to anyone of claims 16 to 26,  
wherein a timer **(36)** is provided for measuring said  
predetermined time period.

5

28. An apparatus according to anyone of claims 16 to 27,  
wherein said apparatus is a mobile switching center **(3)**.

10

**Fig. 1**

**Fig. 2**

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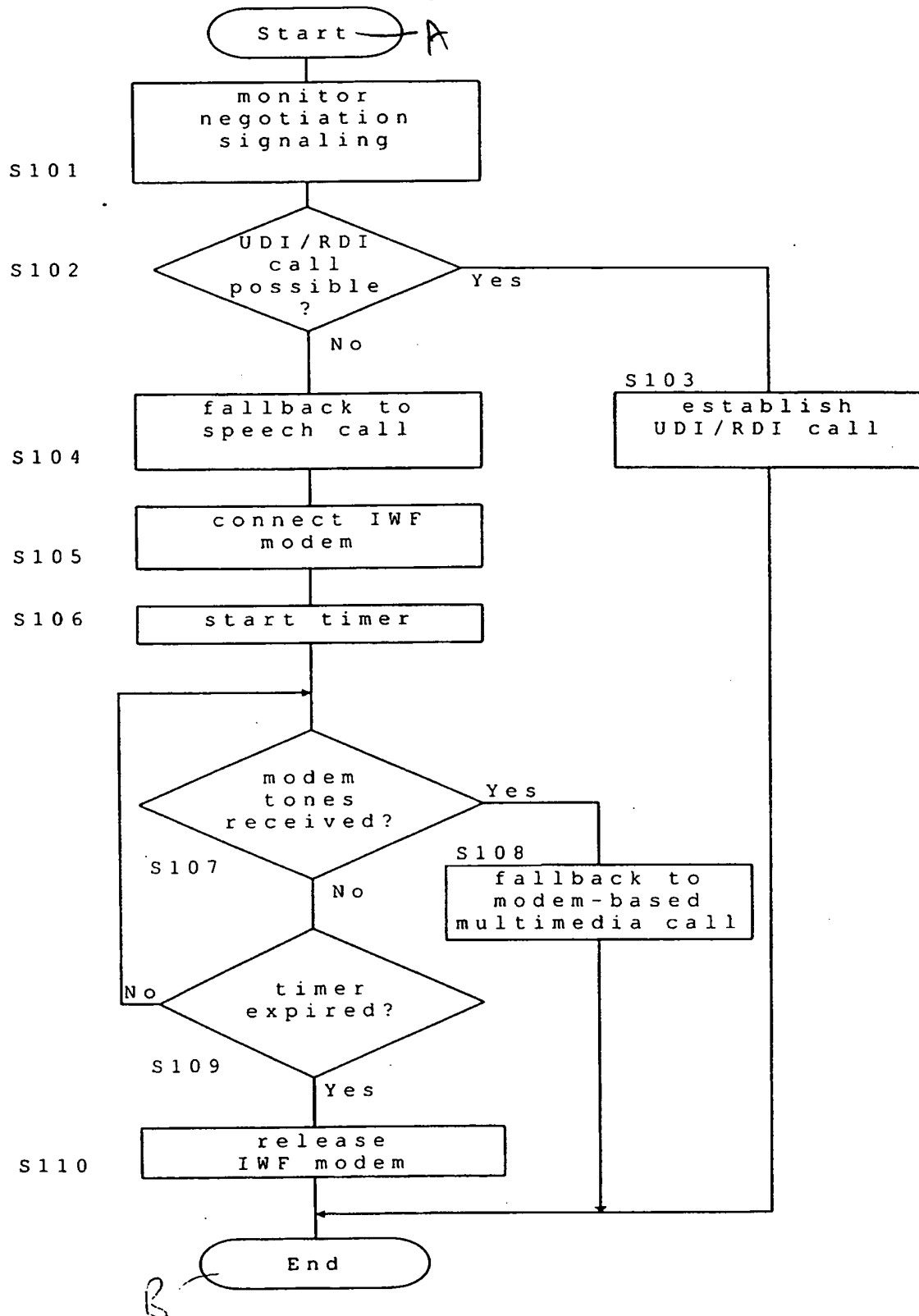
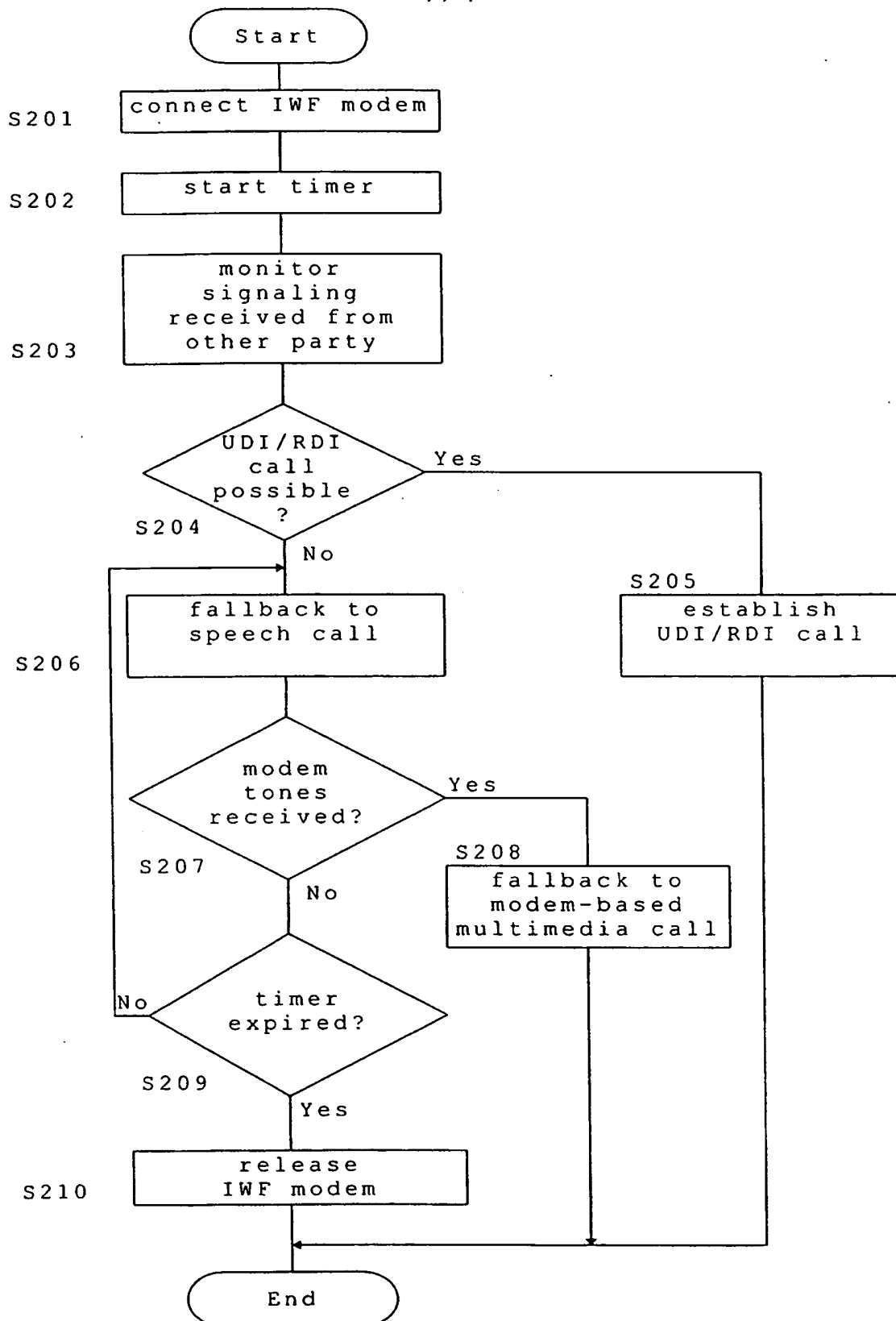


Fig. 3

**Fig. 4**



# INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No

PCT/EP 00/02951

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER  
IPC 7 H04Q7/24 H04Q7/22 H04Q11/04

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

## B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

IPC 7 H04Q

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

INSPEC, EPO-Internal

## C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
A	<p>TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION GROUP CORE NETWORK: "3G TS 29.007 V3.4.0 General requirements on interworking between the Public Land Mobile Network (PLMN) and the Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN) or Public Switched Telephone Network (PSTN) (Release 1999)" March 2000 (2000-03) , 3GPP XP002154255 paragraph '9.4.1!</p> <p style="text-align: center;">--- -/-</p>	1-28



Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C.



Patent family members are listed in annex.

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Date of the actual completion of the international search

30 November 2000

Date of mailing of the international search report

16/02/2001

Name and mailing address of the ISA

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# INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Intr    lonsal Application No  
PCT/EP 00/02951

C.(Continuation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT		
Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
A	LINDBERGH D: "THE H.324 MULTIMEDIA COMMUNICATION STANDARD" IEEE COMMUNICATIONS MAGAZINE,US,IEEE SERVICE CENTER, PISCATAWAY, N.J., vol. 34, no. 12, 1 December 1996 (1996-12-01), pages 46-51, XP000636453 ISSN: 0163-6804 page 46 -page 47 ---	1-27
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